

THE ADVERTISER

WINCHESTER :

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1814.

We have nothing new or interesting to present to our readers this week—the last mail being unusually barren.

DUTIES ON MANUFACTURES.

The House of Representatives of the U. S. on the 15th inst. resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on various goods, wares and merchandize manufactured within the United States.

This bill proposes to lay on all the following manufactures the duties specified in the following extract from the bill:—

- Pig iron, per ton, one dollar.
- Castings of iron per ton, one dollar 50 cents.
- Bar iron, per ton, one dollar.
- Rolled or slit iron, per ton, one dollar.
- Cut nails, brads, and springs, made wholly, or in part, by machinery, per pound, one cent;
- Candles of spermaceti or white wax, per pound, ten cents;
- Mould candles of tallow, or of wax other than white, or in part of each, per pound, three cents;
- Dipt candles of tallow, or of wax other than white, or in part of each, per pound one cent;
- Hats, caps, of leather or fur, and bonnets, except made entirely from wool, silk, cotton, or linen, or in part from each, or which, if made from other materials, shall not exceed in value one dollar and fifty cents, eight per centum ad valorem;
- Paper, five per centum ad valorem;
- Playing cards, fifty per centum ad valorem;
- Saddles and bridles, six per centum ad valorem;
- Boots and booters, exceeding five dollars per pair, in value, five per centum ad valorem;
- Beer, ale, and porter, six per centum ad valorem;
- Tobacco, segars, and snuff, twenty per centum ad valorem;
- Leather, including therein all hides and skins, whether tanned, tawed, dressed, or otherwise on the original manufacture thereof, ten per cent ad valorem.

The House of Representatives were yesterday engaged on a bill highly interesting to the nation generally, as being the commencement and foundation of a necessary system of taxation on manufactures, and particularly important to many individuals as affecting their particular avocations in life. As there is no doubt of the passage of the bill, we think it necessary to remind those whom it may concern, that the decisions noted in the proceedings of yesterday, took place in committee of the whole, and are not conclusive of the intentions of the House, which has yet formally to pass them; after which they have to undergo the ordeal of the Senate.—N. Int.

A BRILLIANT CRUIZE!

Wilmington, N. C. Dec. 8.

Arrived on the 6th inst. at Smithville, the private armed schooner Kemp of Baltimore, from a short and successful cruise of 8 days. Fifty prisoners were brought up to town last evening.

Extract from her Log Book: A short account of an action between the Private Armed schooner Kemp of Baltimore Joseph Almeda Commander, and a small fleet belonging to the Enemy, on the 2d day of December 1814.

On Thursday, Dec. 1st in lat. 32, 43 N. at 11 o'clock decried a fleet of 9 sail; gave chase and at twelve came up with them and found one to be a Frigate; the scene was soon changed; she gave chase to us, and at 6 P. M. was out of sight and we in pursuit of the fleet; at daylight saw them from the mast head a long way off the windward, at 2 P. M. coming up with them fast, they tacked ship and stood for us in regular order and commenced by firing broadside after broadside as they passed us, when within musket shot we commenced with our great guns and small arms; at half past 2 we boarded a brig and carried her with one man wounded; a ship, brig and schooner kept up a brisk fire on us and we not altogether idle; at half past 3 boarded the ship and she hauled her colours down, we then gave three cheers and prepared to board the schooner; she cried for quarters; we ordered her to remain where she was, engaged the other brig; in 15 minutes she was glad to haul down her colours.

The schooner and one brig rehoisted their colours, commenced firing, made sail and left the fleet, we then went along side another ship and she soon thought it most prudent to haul down her colours.

The day being very far spent and some endeavouring to make their escape, we conceived it best for us to secure what we already had in our possession.

The following is a list of the vessels engaged.

Ship	Guns	Men.
Ship Roselle,	16	35
Ship Princes,	2	14
Brig. Poncea,	8	26
S. B.	2	12
Only Son,	12	28
Schooner Cossac,	6	20
	36	134

The first 4 were manned and ordered home.

The others made their escape after hauling down their colours.

The number of the enemy's guns and men were much superior to ours; we lost one man killed and three wounded, the enemy's loss not ascertained.

There are two vessels off the Bar, said to be prizes to the Kemp.

HEAD QUARTERS 8th M. DISTRICT, Chillicothe, Dec. 16, 1814.

EXTRACT FROM GENERAL ORDERS.

At a General Court Martial convened at Lexington, Kentucky, on the 15th September 1814, and continued by adjournment until the 29th November 1814; whereof Colonel ANTHONY BUTLER of the 2d Regiment of Riflemen is President, was tried Colonel Thomas D. Owings of the 28th Regiment of Infantry, upon the following charges and specifications:—

CHARGE I.

Misapplication of public Property. Specification in this—Being ordered by Brigadier General Cass, on or about the 18th of October 1813, at Detroit, together with Colonels Wells and Paul, to value the public property taken from the enemy on the Thames, expose the same to public sale and to account for the proceedings thereof to the Quarter Master at Detroit, he the said Owings failed to account for the goods or proceeds thereof agreeably to said general order.

CHARGE II.

Disobedience of orders. Specification in this—Being ordered by Brigadier General Cass, on or about the 18th of October 1813, at Detroit, together with Colonels Wells and Paul, to value the property taken from the enemy on the Thames, expose the same to public sale and account for the proceeds thereof to the Quarter Master at Detroit; which property he the said Owings neither valued, exposed to public sale nor accounted for agreeably to said general order.

CHARGE III.

Ungentlemanly and unofficerlike conduct.

Specification first in this—Being ordered by Brigadier General Cass, on or about the 18th October 1813, at Detroit, together with Colonels Wells and Paul, to value the public property taken from the enemy on the Thames, expose the same to public sale and account for the proceeds thereof to the Quarter Master at Detroit, he the said Owings appropriated to himself divers of the valuable articles of said property contrary to said general order.

Specification second in this—Contrary to the existing laws and regulations for the army, forcibly detaining and refusing to deliver to Major Puthuff, of the 2d Rifle Regiment, on or about 12th of May, 1814; at Lexington, Kentucky, six recruits made from the privates of the 28th Infantry; and accompanying said refusal to deliver them up with the expressions 'that if the Government or the War Department would interfere with his regiment by authorising any part of it to re-inlist in any other corps, that such regulations were damned foolish and unjust, and that they (thereby meaning the Government) might go to hell'; or words to that amount, and upon remonstrance made by Major Puthuff, of the 2d Rifle Regt, on or about the 12th of May 1814, at Lexington, Kentucky, he the said Owings observed 'that he would be damned if he did not rank Major Puthuff, and that whether pursuant to law or not, by God, he would take the men (thereby meaning the soldiers thus re-inlisted) or words to that amount; and he the said Owings did forcibly retain said soldiers on or about the 12th of May, 1814, at Lexington.

To all which charges and specifications the prisoner plead 'Not Guilty.' The court, after mature deliberation on the testimony adduced, find the prisoner Col. Thomas D. Owings of the 28th regiment Infantry, guilty of the third charge, so far as unofficerlike conduct; not guilty of ungentlemanlike conduct; guilty of the second specification of the third charge; not guilty of all other charges and specifications; and sentence him to receive a private reprimand from the commanding general of the 8th Military District.

The commanding General disapproves the sentence in the case of Col. Thos. D. Owings of the 28th Regt. of Infantry. In this instance he is not sensible of the distinction made by the court, which convicts Col. Owings of unofficerlike conduct but not of ungentlemanlike conduct; the court having established the 2d specification of the 3d charge, should not in the opinion of the General have discriminated. The conduct of Col. Owings, appears to have been highly reprehensible, not only in relation to the subject of the 2d

specification under the 3d charge, but also as to some parts of his defence before the court. Under the charges as exhibited, no evidence should have been admitted which referred to the distribution of private property—but such having been introduced the General is constrained to say has unfolded a course of conduct on the part of the officers concerned, by no means flattering to the pride of the army.

The very extraordinary delay that has attended the proceedings of the court martial connected with the necessity which the times impose on every officer to be at his post, alone forbids the idea of directing the court to reconsider their opinion in the case of Col. Owings, whose sword is hereby restored to him.

Similar considerations also induce the general to postpone the trial of Capt. Gist of the 28th regiment, who will in the mean time resume his sword.

The general court martial whereof Col. Anthony Butler is President, is hereby dissolved.

By order of Brig. Gen. McArthur. C. S. TODD, Acting Adjutant General.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 10.

Com. Chauncey and Gen. Winder arrived in this city yesterday morning in the steam boat Fulton, from Catskill. They bring nothing new from the Northern or Western Frontier. At Sackett's Harbor, there is no expectation of an attack from the enemy; and such, we understand, are the preparations of defence, that no fears are entertained as to the result, in case an attack should be made.

M. Roux, formerly chief of the southern department in the French office of Foreign Affairs, under Champagny, is named by Louis 16th, Secretary of Legation to the U. States.

EARTHQUAKE.

On the 27th ult. a few minutes after 7 o'clock, a severe shock of Earthquake was felt in Boston. It was preceded by a noise like that of a coach driven rapidly over a pavement. The undulations at first were slow and short; but immediately became severe, and lasted some seconds. Persons in chambers experienced its effects the strongest—and the shock was severest in the parts of the town built on make land.

The shock was smartly felt in Ipswich, about thirty miles distance. And the Salem Gazette mentions it as being heavy there, and lasting for the space of half a minute.

The moon had just risen, the atmosphere was clear and calm, and the weather cool.

The severest Earthquake felt in New-England, was in 1727, and old houses still show the fissures made by it. It extended from Kennebunk to the Delaware. There have been five denominated Great Earthquakes in New-England, in 1638, 1658, 1663, 1727, and 1755; and minor ones in 1653, 1668, 1669, 1771, and 1783. These have all been described as coming from about N. W. and going off about S. E.

[We expected the judgment of heaven would be manifested towards them for their numerous sins. If Sodom and Gomorrah were destroyed for their wickedness to God, what punishment should be awarded those who would betray a kindred crime, that of selling their country?—Edts. Adv.

LONDON, Sept. 22.

In consequence of the peace a considerable reduction of the strength of the British navy is about to take place. Not only the number of vessels at sea will be diminished, but many of those which crowded our harbors are to be disposed of. Tuesday night's Gazette contains a list of six brigs, five frigates and 13 sail of the line which will shortly be put to sale. Among the latter is the Marengo, 80 gun ship in which one of the best Admirals in the French service did so much mischief in the East-Indies. The conditions of sale wisely provide, that the purchaser shall enter into bond, not to sell, or otherwise dispose of the ships, but to break them up within twelve months from the day he enters into possession.

MARRIED.—In Montgomery County, on Thursday the 22d inst. Mr. JOHN L. HEAD to Miss SALLY CALE, both of the above place.

LINDSAY & BUSH

INFORM their friends and the public that they have just received a neat and elegant assortment of NEW GOODS,

which they are determined to sell at the most reduced prices for Cash or Tobacco. Produce will be taken in exchange, viz. Tow, six and seven hundred Linen, and Tallow.

Also the highest price in cash will be given for a few hogsheds of Tobacco.

Boonsborough, Dec. 20. The subscriber earnestly solicits all those indebted to him to call and settle their accounts by payment or note by the 15th January next, which he hopes will be punctually attended to.

N. L. LINDSAY. Dec. 26 21-67

CLARKE CIRCUIT, Sep.

September Term, 1814.

James Sympton, compl't.

against Joshua Baker, &c. defnd'rs.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants Joshua Baker and John Baker, not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth—on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on or before the first day of the next March term and answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper eight weeks successively.

A Copy—T.este, WM. T. BERRY, d. c. c. c. 22-8w

CLARKE CIRCUIT, Sep.

September Term, 1814.

George Frye, compl't

against James Evans, &c. defnd'rs.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants John W. Holder, Cato Holder and Robert Frank not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth; on the motion of the complainant by his counsel it is ordered that the said defendants do appear here on or before the first day of the next March Term, and answer the complainant. That a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper eight weeks successively.

A Copy—T.este, WM. T. BERRY, d. c. c. c. 22-8w

CLARKE CIRCUIT, Sep.

September Term—1814.

Edmund R. gland, compl't.

against John. Holder's heirs, &c. defnd'rs.

THE defendants John W. Holder and Cato Holder not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth; on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the defendants do appear here on or before the first day of our next March Term, and answer the complainant's bill; that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper eight weeks successively.

A Copy—este, WM. T. BERRY, d. c. c. c. 22-8w

Ten Dollars Reward!

Lost,

ON the evening of the 19th inst. after sun set, near Hornback's mill, (perhaps between the mill and the parting of the Winchester and Mount Sterling roads) a pair of SADDLE BAGS, nearly new, of a reddish cast, more than usual, and furnished with an elegant lock; in which were between 75 and 100 dollars in silver, in a white grounded cotton bag; also two waist-coats, one of black cloth, the other of yellow colored cord, and a pair of white yarn socks. Any person who may have found the aforementioned articles and will leave them at Mr. John Reed's, near the mill shall have the above reward.

JAMES SHORTRIDGE. N. B. A negro man named Booker, belonging to Mr. Richard Emberson, in that neighborhood, passed that way shortly after me, and it is thought that he may have found them. J. S. Dec 31 22-3w*

A Teacher Wanted.

A TEACHER who can come well recommended, as being a steady, sober, capable man, will meet with great encouragement in the neighborhood of Wiley R. Brasfield. Should any such offer, having a family, said Brasfield will let him have a good frame house, well finished off to live in, with a yard, garden, &c. convenient to the school house.

Also, a good Shoemaker can be supplied with a good house on another place, with a yard, garden, &c.

WILEY R. BRASFIELD. Dec 31 22-4w

Take Notice,

THAT NATHAN MARTIN plead the gambling act before John Ward, Esq. of Winchester, for a sum under 25 dollars, which I lent him at the gambling table.

JAMES KEAS. Dec 24 21-4w*

Lost,

ON the 24th inst. between Winchester and my house, a red morocco POCKET BOOK, with cash, notes and accoirts to the amount of 50 or 60 dollars. Any person finding the same and delivering it to me or at this office shall be paid for their trouble.

JAMES THOMAS. Dec 31 22-3w

Public Sale.

WILL be exposed to public sale, on the 4th day of January, at the house of John Whitesides, living on the waters of Johnsony, near Harrison's mill, the property of David Lusk, deceased, consisting of Horses, Sheer, Carpenter's Tools, Bedding, hog, school and kitchen Furniture, Cherry and walnut Plank of the best quality. A credit of 12 months will be given for all sums over two dollars.

JOHN WHITESIDES, Adm'r. Dec 31

TAKEN UP by John Ward, Esq.

in Winchester, Clarke County, one sorrel HORSE, 14 hands high, 7 years old last spring, a small star on his forehead, both near feet white, and blind of the near eye. Appraised to \$15, before me this 11th day of November, 1814,

ROBERT GRIFFING, J. P. E. C. Dec 31 22-3w

TAKEN UP by William Duolap

living on the waters of Lulher grud Creek, near Keaton's old mill, Montgomery County, a sorrel HORSE twelve years old, fourteen hands three inches high, blaze face, both hind feet white, some saddle spots, no brands perceivable, an old bell tied on with a small rope. Appraised to \$25. Posted before me this 4th of November, 1814.

AARON HALL, J. P. M. C. Dec 31 22-3w

Notice.

ALL those indebted to the estate of ASAMUEL ORAM, deceased, will make immediate payment, as indulgence cannot be given—and those having demands against the same will bring them forward immediately, properly adjusted for settlement.

JOHN ORAM, JAMES MORRIS, Adm'rs of said Estate. Dec 31 22-3w

Lost,

ON the 27th of November last, a new Saddle and a plated kirk Bridle—also a Shirt, Overalls, workman's Apron and a wallet of Clothes. Any person who may find the above articles and will leave them at Col. Marin's tavern in Winchester, shall be rewarded for their trouble.

BENJAMIN RANKINS. Dec 24 21-1w*

Found,

ABOUT one mile and a half from Winchester, on the great road leading from this place to the Iron Works, a lady's outside dress of stuff, and a pair of kid skin Gloves. The owner can have them by paying for this advertisement. Apply to Samuel Morison, in the vicinity.

BENJAMIN RANKINS. Dec 24 21-3w

Sheep for sale.

HAVE thirty SHEEP for sale at my house on the head waters of Doon's Creek, Clarke County.

JACOB FISHBACK. Dec 17 21-3w

FOR SALE,

A SMALL FARM, containing six or seven acres, well improved, situated on the road leading from Winchester to Estill Court House, and three miles from the former place. For further particulars enquire of ROBERT GRIFFING, Esq. in Winchester, or the subscriber in Versailles.

MARTHA THOMAS.

Flax Seed Wanted.

THE subscriber will give the highest price in Cash for FLAXSEED, delivered at his house on main street, the house formerly occupied by Benj. Webb, hatter.

ALEXANDER MERRILL. Dec 24 21-1f

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have just received from New-York and Philadelphia an additional assortment of

GOODS,

which they will dispose of on a small advance for cash.

We wish to purchase twenty tons of HEMP, delivered at the rope walk in Winchester, on or before the 1st day of March next, for which cash will be given.

We likewise wish to purchase Tobacco, Bacon, Lard and Tow Linen.

C. K. DUNCAN & CO. Dec 24 21-2m

FIFTY

DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED, on the 2d ult. whilst on his march to the principal rendezvous at the Olympian Springs,

William Turner,

a Soldier of the 28th Regiment United States Infantry, born in Virginia, forty years of age, five feet six inches high, of dark complexion, blue eyes and dark hair, and is by profession a stone-mason. Any person apprehending and delivering said Deserter to me in Winchester, or to any other officer in the United States Army shall receive the above reward, with all reasonable charges.

REZIN H. GIST, 1st Lt. 28th Regt. U. S. Infantry. Winchester, Dec 19 1814 11-3

ALMANACS,

BY THE DOZEN OR SINGLE,

FOR 1815,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.