

gerous and unwise to push the brave to despair. Where is there, I will not say the marshal, but the man of honor, who is not compelled to regret not having sought death in the fatal field of Waterloo? And perhaps if the unfortunate Ney had done there what he had so often done before, he would not have been this day dragged before a court martial, and those who demand his death would have been seeking his protection. Excuse, sire, the frankness of an old marshal, who has always kept clear of intrigues, has known only his country and his profession; he believes that the same voice which was raised against the invasion of Spain and the war with Russia, might also speak the language of truth to the best of kings, the father of his subjects. If frankness is a virtue, it is not, I am conscious, the most profitable of the virtues, since although I am the eldest of the marshals, I am also the poorest.

I will not disguise the dangers in which the step I have taken may involve me, nor the disgrace it may draw down upon me from the vengeance of courtiers; but if I have been fortunate enough to enlighten your majesty as to your true interests, I shall consider myself but too happy, whatever may be the consequence, & if in descending to the tomb I may say with one of your ancestors, — *All is lost, except honor*, — I shall die contented.

MONCEY, Duc de Cornegliano.

NEY'S EXECUTION.

PARIS, DEC. 10.

The following are some further particulars respecting the last moments of Marshal Ney: — When the judgment was announced to him, he said, "it would have been more military to have said, you are to bite the dust." At the execution he endeavored to protest against the iniquity of the sentence, and appealed to God and posterity. The officer commanding the veterans, attempted to give the word, appeared struck dumb. L'Espinous (the commander of the military division) then said, "officer, if you cannot command, I will;" the latter remaining silent, the marshal himself said, "soldiers, do your duty," upon which the platoon ordered for the purpose, fired at random; only five out of sixteen balls fired, struck the marshal, who fell upon his knees and died instantly.

The officer recovering himself, said, "there is still a platoon, let them shoot me also." The officer is put under arrest. Marshal Ney was buried at the cemetery of *La Chaise*. Madame Ney was accompanied to the Thuilleries by her four children and sister; she remained at the *saloon de la Paix*, some time before the duc de Duras came to inform her that she could not be received by the king, and leading her down the grand staircase, acquainted her with the mournful execution; she fainted, and was with difficulty removed to her carriage, amidst the cries of her children and the lamentations of the spectators of this distressing scene. She had several times endeavored to see the dutchess d'Angoulême, near to whose person she had been brought up when a child; the dutchess, however, as well as the princess, constantly refused to see her. Madame Anguie, Madame Ney's mother, was in the service of Marie Antoinette; her grief at whose death was so severe, that in a moment of distraction she threw herself out of a window, and died upon the spot.

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER is elected a Senator in congress from Maryland, by a majority of one vote, over Mason, the republican candidate; Gen. Samuel Smith, a member of the house of representatives in congress, from Baltimore. The legislature of Maryland have a bill before them, requiring the chartered banks to state to pay their notes, when presented, in specie, under the pain of forfeiture, in six months from the date of the bill.

WINCHESTER, SATURDAY... FEBRUARY 24, 1816.

The following is an outline of the most important laws that passed during the late session of the Kentucky legislature:

"An act further to regulate the Circuit Courts of this commonwealth."

This act repeals so much of the former law as creates the offices of Assistant Judges, and raises the salaries of the Circuit Judges to \$1200 prospectively.

The Circuit Courts under this law will be about \$1500 per annum cheaper than under the former law.

"An act to fix the permanent revenue" lessens the taxes from 15 cents on each \$100 worth of property to 6 cents.

"An act fixing the ratio and apportioning the representation for the ensuing four years"—the ratio was fixed at 700, which makes the number of Representatives 89, and 34 Senators.

"An act providing a mode to choose Electors to vote for President and Vice President."

This act divides the state into three electoral districts, from each of which four Electors will be chosen.

An act concerning Writts of Error; this act reduces the time from five years to three in which a writ of error may be prosecuted.

"An act to settle the Boundary line between this state and the state of Tennessee."

This has been a subject of long dispute between the two states, and it consumed much time to adjust it.

To the Editors of the Kentucky Advertiser.

GENTLEMEN,

I noticed a communication in your last paper signed "A Farmer," in which he animadverts on a sale of cloth made by a Mr. A. to a Mr. B. and in which he is so obliging as to dispense his extensive knowledge in currencies among his uninformed brother farmers, a great number of whom emigrated from those states whose currency is different from our own, but since that time have never thought that a dollar was 7/6 Pennsylvania money, or 8s. New-York currency.

For his useful and interesting communication I cordially join with his brother farmers in thanking him, but in as much as he affixes absurdities to the mode of the sale, and the initial which he makes use of applying only to myself, I feel only concerned as it implicates my candour, informing him at the same time that I am not in the habit of selling at the difference of currency. And as it has always struck me so forcibly that the Philadelphia cost did not concern the retail purchaser in this country that I did not think proper to communicate the cost to my customers, deeming it sufficient if I sell as low as my neighbours. Under all these considerations you will not wonder if I cannot take it to myself. — As to the stile, aptness and powers displayed by Mr. Farmer, no man of taste can possibly help admiring. And I presume it is an electioneering trick, but if he offers for congress or governor at the ensuing election and does not release me I cannot vote for him, tho' my vote would only count one, and although I should be compelled to acknowledge the merits of his piece.

Finally, Messrs. Editors, I wish you to state whether this initial is mere fiction, or whether the letter A. was intended for any particular person — and if you may not at this time have the information, that you will obtain it time enough for your next paper; not that the publication alluded to would at all affect me, but as it may tend to convey wrong impressions to others — and oblige a subscriber.

A. [In justice to the above gentleman the Editors can assure him that the initial referred to has no particular reference to him.]

Commodore Chauncey has departed from the City of Washington to take command of the Washington 74, which is about to sail for the Mediterranean — Commodore Perry has already sailed in the Java 44. Reports are, that these ships sail in consequence of some indications of a new war with Algiers; the Dey being dissatisfied with the humiliating treaty which Decatur compelled him to ratify, and being also displeased that a corvette which had been taken from him, was not restored. It will be recollected that she is detained by the Spanish government at Carthagea. — Gaz.

A late arrival from France, brings news, that arrests of the distinguished patriots of the late war, continue to be made — and threats are held out in the Paris papers, of a general system of confiscation of property being resorted to — A London paper states, that 50 cases of presents from the Emperor Alexander to the ex-emperor Napoleon, have arrived in England on their way to St. Helena. — ib.

The continental powers of Europe have by treaty agreed to abolish the African trade in both black and white slaves. For the purpose of putting an

end to the latter, they agree to keep in the field 45,000 men to operate against the Barbary powers, until that object is accomplished, and to support it with a competent naval force. It is said also to be their intention, to model the forms of government of Morocco, Algiers, Tunis and Tripoli, in such way as to afford a guarantee against the return of their piratical depredations on the civilized powers; and that the Grand Turk remains neuter in the war, and is to receive guarantees of his European possessions. Decatur's late triumph over Algiers, has probably contributed much to shame the allies into those measures. — ib.

WE are authorised to state that General Wm. Lewis requests not to be considered as a Candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor, at the approaching General Election. Circumstances which have transpired since he was announced as a Candidate, and which will engage his entire attention for some time, compel him to decline the solicitations of his friends. — Argus.

Mr. Harrison Hall, Printer in Philadelphia, has issued proposals for publishing by subscription a literary work, to be entitled "Antiquities of the Western Part of the United States, by Henry Frost." — It is well known to many persons in this State and Kentucky, that the late Rev. John P. Campbell, in the year 1814, issued a prospectus of a work which he intended to publish, under the title of "Western Antiquities," and that he had, with great labour and considerable expense, collected materials for this work. After his decease, Mr. Frost obtained his manuscripts from his widow, with the professed design of publishing the work for her benefit. To these materials he probably made some additions, and now, unmindful of his obligations to the widow and the fatherless, it seems, he is proceeding to publish the work under a title somewhat different from the original, and exclusively for his own benefit. — It is fit that the printers and book sellers of Philadelphia, and the citizens of our country in general, should be informed of these things. — Justice requires that at least one-half of the proceeds of the proposed publication be secured to Mrs. Campbell; and we presume the gentleman who has been engaged to print this work, will not proceed in the business without a particular statement of facts from Mrs. Campbell herself, who resides in the vicinity of Lexington, Kentucky.

FROM EUROPE & SOUTH AMERICA.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 3.

LONDON, DEC. 16. — The Prince Regent has approved the appointment of Mr. T. ASPINWALL, as Consul General for the United States in London.

The Flanders mail contains the following important intelligence, under the date of Rome, Nov. 21. — "It is asserted that the Ministers of the great powers have delivered to his Eminence the Cardinal Secretary of State, the treaty of alliance relative to the war against the Barbary powers, and that it has been ratified by all the Sovereigns, in their quality of Grand Masters of the several religious and military orders in their dominions. — By this act the powers engage not only to put an end to the white slave trade, which the African governments carry on with equal insolence and impunity; but in order to prevent the return of acts of violence which disgrace humanity, the powers also declare, that they will establish there the form of government which shall afford the best guarantee. The contingent of the troops for this new species of war will be the same, and no one will be permitted, under any pretence whatever, to keep up a greater number of troops than is fixed by the treaty. All the troops shall have the same uniform. His Holiness the Pope shall be at liberty to send a Legate, but who shall not interfere in temporal matters. This treaty, which consists of 133 articles, fixes, that all the Christians shall be set at liberty, and cannot make a part of the army destined to occupy the country. The sublime Porte, it is said, remains neuter in this war, and will receive guarantee for his European possessions. — One is astonished at knowing the treaty against the pirates, and not to know anything of what has passed in the consistory where this affair has been treated. It is certain that his Holiness has not issued any Bull on the subject of this new crusade. It is said that his Holiness will give to the Grand Masters of the Military Orders a suit of armor and a banner. The whole of the allied forces is fixed by treaty at 45,000 men. Several galleys have been at Ancona."

LATEST FROM CARTHAGENA.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9.

By the Coquette, from Santa Martha, we learn that on the 10th January, news arrived at Santa Martha of the capture of Santa Fee by the Royalists amounting to 6,000; they were opposed by 2,000 Patriots. Since the cap-

ture of Carthagea, General Morillo has kept the insurgent flag flying as a decoy to vessels entering the port; in consequence of which 11 vessels had entered after the fall; 7 of which were Americans, and 4 British; among the vessels named, were the schr. Swift, Hacket, of Baltimore, and a Baltimore schr. under the command of Captain Almeda — all hands were made prisoners, closely confined, and most barbarously treated, many Americans died in consequence of their brutal usage. An English Frigate had sailed for Carthagea, to alleviate the sufferings of their countrymen.

Last Notice.

ALL those indebted to the late firm of E. M'Guire & Co. either by bond, note, or book account, will come forward and settle the same as further indulgence cannot be given. — ALSO — Those indebted to Edward M'Guire will do the same. N. B. The books will be found at the old stand. Feb. 24, 1816. 82-3w

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by George Angel to James Darnaby and Joel Smith, for the purposes in said Deed expressed, will be sold for ready money, in the town of Winchester, his one fourth part of a Wool Carding Machine, in said town. Sale to take place on the 12th day of March next, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock. JOHN DARNABY, Jr. February 19, 1816. 82-1w

TAKE NOTICE!

The drawing of the Winchester Fine Lottery is postponed till the middle of March next. Those persons who intend purchasing tickets are requested to procure them immediately. Feb. 17, 1816.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS a man who calls himself ROBERT ANDERSON was committed to my custody as Jailor of Floyd County, Ky. for the murder of a negro man in the state of Ohio, Clinton County, and for bringing off his wife and offering to sell her as a slave — he was demanded by a citizen of that state, to be taken to justice, and the subscriber was employed to aid in taking him to the said County of Clinton, when, on the 2d inst. near Falmouth, he made his escape, taking with him the subscriber's Horse, Saddle, Bridle, & Saddle-Bags, which contained all the subscriber's clothing, and about one hundred dollars in cash, 40 or 50 dollars in silver and the balance in Bank Notes. — The said Anderson is about six feet high, dark hair, thin visage and sickly (having the venereal) supposed to be about 45 years of age, grey headed, and short curly hair. His clothing, when he left me were — a brown big coat nearly worn out, a fringed hunting-shirt, a pair of russet pantaloons, with a linen pair under them, a wool hat; but it is presumed he may change them. The horse is a sorrel, about 14 1/2 hands high, a star in his forehead, shod all round. The saddle is nearly new, double skirted, both of which are inlaid with seal skin coat pad. The saddle bags are new, with false bottoms with buckles to fasten them, and with some spots of ink on them, they contained an English silver watch a red morocco pocket book of the subscriber, with his name written in it, and some papers, which belong to the subscriber, such as notes, &c. a shirt and handkerchief together with the aforesaid esab. I will give \$25 for the above Anderson, if apprehended and secured in the course of one month, so that he may be bro't to justice, and \$25 for the recovery of my property which he took away with him. It is probable he may make immediately for Shelby County, and from thence to the state of Tennessee. Editors of Newspapers in this state, Tennessee and Ohio, will serve the cause of justice by giving this one or two insertions. JOHN HAVENS. Floyd County, Ky. Feb. 6, 1815. 81-3t

A Caution.

FORWARN all persons from trading for or taking an assignment on a note given by me to Wm. M'Donald for the sum of \$50, due on the first day of March, 1816, with Wm. Moffett, sen. security, as the said note was obtained in a fraudulent manner. WM. MOFFETT, Jun. Feb. 17, 1816. 81-3w

TAKEN up by Presley Wilson, in Montgomery County, on the waters of Slate, near Myer's Mills, a grey FILLY, about three years old last spring, 14 hands high, no brand perceivable; appraised to \$10, posted before me the 20th of December, 1815. WILLIAM YOCUM. 82-3*

TAKEN UP by John Fear, in Montgomery County, on the waters of Somerset Creek, two miles from Mountsterling, a bay MARE, about six years old next spring, 14 hands high, near hind foot white, some saddle spots, no brands perceivable — appraised to \$25, before me the 22nd of December, 1815. REUBEN M'DANNOLD. 82*

TAKEN up by James Lawson, living in Bath County, an old gray MARE, about 15 hands high, very slow backed — appraised to \$10 before me this 5th Oct. 1815. JAMER WADE, j p b 81

TAKEN UP by Levi Lacey, living on Slate, above Yocum's mill, in Montgomery County, one brown MARE, six years old, 14 hands 3 inches high, branded on the near buttock shoulder and jaw with the letter N. Appraised to \$35, the 4th December 1815. WILDS COOKE. 80-3w

CLARKE COUNTY, to wit, TAKEN UP by James Young, living three miles from Winchester, on the road leading from Winchester to Lexington, a sorrel HORSE COLT, two years old past, about 15 1/2 hands high, both hind feet white, has a star in his face and snip on his nose. Appraised to \$12. Posted before me the 25th day of December 1815. JOHN WARD, j p c c. 80-3w

William Poston

REQUESTS those indebted to be punctual in discharging their accounts, as he has to send money to Philadelphia in a short time, and has an opportunity of laying out the surplus to great advantage by taking shares in the WINCHESTER BRANCH BANK.

He is constantly receiving small additions to his assortment of GOODS.

He has also a handsome assortment of

BOOKS,

among which are the following:

- Large & Small Bibles,
- Brown's Dictionary of the Bible,
- Brown's Concordance
- Taylor's ditto.
- Dodridge's Expositor.
- Dodridge's Family Instructor.
- Blair's Sermons,
- Boston's Fourfold state
- Hannah Moore's Practical Piety and Christian Morals,
- Melmoth on Religion.
- Edwards on Original Sin,
- Zimmerman on Solitude,
- Watts's Religious Courtship,
- Rowe's Exercise,
- Wilson's Testament
- Memoirs of Newton,
- Whiston's Josephus,
- Watson's Letters to Paine,
- Whitefield's Memoirs,
- Fordyce's Sermons to Young Women,
- A Sketch of every Denomination of the Christian Religion,
- Burder's Village Sermons,
- Body of Christ,
- Dialogues of Devils,
- Sacred Mirror,
- Rise and progress of Religion,
- Srott on Baptism,
- Watts's Hymns and Psalms,
- Smith's Hymns,
- Rippon's do
- Olney's do
- Pious Meditations,
- The Hive,
- Baptists Confession & Faith,
- History of England, in 15 vol. by Hume and others,
- Goldsmith's Histories of England and of Greece,
- History of America, Constitution of the U States, and of every State,
- Ramsey's Life of WASHINGTON,
- Weem's ditto.
- Jefferson's Manuel.
- Pilgrim's Progress,
- Bunyan's Heavenly Footman,
- Crabb's Poems,
- Hurd's do
- Pinder's do
- Hay's do
- Anketell's do.
- Story's do on Solitude,
- Baley's do.
- Young's Night Thoughts,
- Thompson's Seasons,
- Curran's Speeches,
- Strange's Reports,
- Anthony's Blackstone, Power on Devises, Lavater on Physiognomy,
- Children of the Abbey
- Kelroy,
- Prince de Ligne,
- Slave of Passion,
- D'Israel's Romance,
- St. Clair,
- Adeline Mowbray.
- The Spirit of the Book.
- Superstition of the Highlanders,
- Monastery of St. Columba,
- Penitent of Godstow.
- The Itinerant; or, Memoirs of an Actor,
- The Young Mother,
- The Married Life,
- Self-Indulgence,
- Together with many other useful and entertaining BOOKS, too tedious to mention.
- ALSO — Reeves' and Acamons' Water Colours; best quality Letter & Writing Paper, Slates, Pencils, Wafers, &c.

Winchester, Feb. 17. 82-1f

Bills of Exchange, On Richmond, Virginia, FOR SALE.

Apply at the Store of Anon Cast. Winchester, Feb. 24, 1816. 82-1f

Public Sale.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, on the 2nd March next, at the house of the subscriber, 3 1/2 miles from Winchester, in Clarke County, near Maj. Stevens's, the following property: — One Waggon and Lind Gear, Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and some Corn. A credit of nine months will be given for sums over four Dollars, under that sum the money must be paid in hand. Bond with approved security will be required. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. KATHARINE FINNELL. Feb. 24, 1816. 82-1

For Sale

THE Farm on which I now live, in Clarke County, on the waters of Howard's Upper Creek, about nine miles from Winchester, containing 200 acres, on which is a comfortable Log House, with two stone Chimneys, a Kitchen, Loom-House, and other convenient buildings, with three never failing springs. — Presuming those who wish to purchase will view the premises; nothing more need be said in recommendation. Agreements about giving possession will be made at the time of contract. JOHN PEMBERTON. Feb. 24, 1816. 82-3w